	Sol Engineering + the	
	CBCS SCHEME	
USN	Adver, Mangaloge	15ME742
Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021		
Tribology		
Tim	Max. I	Marks: 80
	Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions. 2. Use of Machine design data hand book is permitted.	
1	<ul> <li>a. Explain the following:</li> <li>i) Oil bearings</li> <li>ii) Gas bearings</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>iii) Elastohydrodynamic lubrication.</li><li>b. With suitable examples discuss the types of lubricants.</li></ul>	(09 Marks) (07 Marks)
_	<ul><li>a. Discuss the good properties of lubricants.</li><li>b. With help of neat sketch, explain the working of saybolt viscometer.</li></ul>	(08 Marks) (08 Marks)
	<ul> <li>a. Explain the friction theories.</li> <li>b. With suitable sketches, explain the friction measurement methods: <ul> <li>i) Inclined plane Rig</li> <li>ii) Pin-on-disc Rig.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(08 Marks) (08 Marks)
4	<ul> <li>Explain the following:</li> <li>i) Abrasive wear mechanism</li> <li>ii) Adhesive wear mechanism</li> <li>iii) Surface fatigue wear mechanism</li> </ul>	
	iv) The delamination theory of wear.	(16 Marks)
5	With assumptions derive Reynold's differential equation in Two dimensions for gradient in a converging oil film with no end leakage.	or the pressure (16 Marks)
6	a. Derive an expression for load carrying capacity of an idealized full journal bea	-
	<ul> <li>b. A fall journal bearing has the following specification; diameter of journal = 75 bearing = 75mm, journal speed = 900rpm, diametral clearance = viscosity = 13cp and attitude = 0.75. Neglecting the effect of end leakage. Det</li> <li>i) Minimum film thickness</li> </ul>	= 0.0875mm,
	<ul> <li>ii) Load carrying capacity</li> <li>iii) Co-efficient of friction</li> <li>iv) Power loss.</li> </ul>	(08 Marks)
	1 of 2	
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Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.



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- 7 a. A plane slider with fixed shoe bearing has the following specifications; Bearing length = 90mm, Bearing width = 75mm, Load = 17.5kN, Velocity = 2.5m/s, Inclination = -0.00035 rad and Viscosity = 0.0445 Pa-s. Determine:
  - i) Minimum film thickness
  - ii) Power lossiii) Coefficient of friction.

(08 Marks)

- b. A pivoted slider bearing has square shape and has the following specification, load = 15kN, velocity moving member = 5m/s, viscosity = 0.052 Pa-s and permissible minimum film thickness = 0.01875mm. Assume that the dimensionless variable q = 1. Determine,
  - i) Required dimensions of the pad
  - ii) Coefficient of friction 4

iii) Power loss.

Take into account of the influence of end leakages on performance of bearing. (08 Marks)

- 8 a. Derive the expression for rate of flow of oil through a Hydrostatic bearing. (08 Marks)
  - b. A Hydrostatic step bearing for a turbine rotor has the following specifications. Diameter of shaft = 150mm, diameter of pocket = 100mm, vertical thrust on bearing = 70kN, shaft speed = 1000rpm, viscosity of lubricant under operating condition = 0.025 Pa-S and desirable minimum film thickness = 0.125mm. Determine:
    - i) Rate of oil flow through the bearing
    - ii) Power loss due to viscous friction
    - iii) Co-efficient of friction.

(08 Marks)

- 9 a. List the commonly used bearing materials and describe any of the five commonly with respect to their characteristics and advantages. (08 Marks)
  - b. Explain the following:
    - i) Nickel coating
    - ii) Chromium coating on wear out surfaces.

(08 Marks)

- 10 Explain with neat sketches the following:
  - i) Plasma spraying
  - ii) Chemical vapour deposition (CVD)

(16 Marks)